

SCHOOL DISTRICT REPORT 2023



ROCKY MOUNTAIN THE CHILDHOOD EXPERIENCES QUESTIONNAIRE



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We express our deep gratitude to the x^wməθk^wəỷəm (Musqueam) Nation for the privilege of working on their traditional, ancestral and unceded territory at the Point Grey Campus of the University of British Columbia.

The Childhood Experiences Questionnaire (CHEQ) project is made possible with funding from the Ministry of Mental Health and Addictions. We would like to thank and acknowledge all participating school districts for their support of and collaboration towards this project.

We are grateful to the teachers, education staff and school administrators who work directly with us to gather data and use our reports. This includes a commitment to training and completing questionnaires, engaging with students, parents and caregivers and using HELP's data and research in schools, districts and communities. Thank you.

INTRODUCTION TO THE CHEQ

WHAT IS THE CHILDHOOD EXPERIENCES QUESTIONNAIRE (CHEQ)?

The CHEQ is used to gather information on children's experiences in their early environments prior to kindergarten. The questionnaire focuses on experiences in specific areas of development that are strongly linked to children's health and wellbeing, education and social outcomes. The information from the CHEQ helps us understand variability in children's early experiences so that educators, school districts and communities can provide better support and services to children and families.

WHY DO EARLY EXPERIENCES MATTER?

Development during the first years of life is highly influenced by a young child's experiences in their home and community. Research has shown that nurturing environments promote healthy child development. While good nutrition, shelter and protection are some of the basic aspects of nurturing environments; young children also need to spend their time in environments that include support from parents/caregivers and other adults. They need opportunities to explore their world, to play and to learn how to interact with others. These experiences help to build a strong foundation for healthy development over time.

WHY WAS THE CHEQ DEVELOPED?

Life-long health and well-being are a consequence of multiple determinants within the many intersecting environments in which children grow. Research shows that there is great variability in children's development by age 5, which present both risks and protective factors that influence developmental outcomes. To better understand this variability, a team of researchers at the University of British Columbia's Human Early Learning Partnership, in collaboration with educators, parents/caregivers and community stakeholders from across British Columbia, developed the CHEQ to measure the experiences of children prior to kindergarten. Information collected using the CHEQ is both comprehensive and actionable, and can be used to ensure that children have the opportunities and experiences they need to learn and grow.

CHEQ DEVELOPMENTAL AREAS AND EXPERIENCES

The five key developmental areas on the CHEQ are:

Developmental Areas		Experiences	Description		
	Physical Health & Well-Being	Health	Overall health, visits with health care professionals, use of supports and programs		
Je		Nutrition & Sleep	Eating breakfast, meals with family, foods consumed, and sleep		
		Motor Skills & Experiences	Different types of physical activity and outdoor play		
ß	Language & Cognition	Language & Cognition	Activities such as reading, pretend play, weaving, drawing, making music, and building things		
<u>A</u>	Social & Emotional Experiences	Peer Experiences	Interactions with peers and friends		
		Talking about Emotions	Talking about social experiences and emotions with parents/caregivers		
		Screen Time	Use of electronic devices such as computers, tablets and TVs		
2233	Early Learning & Care	Early Learning & Care	Experiences in a non-parental care arrangement and/or preschool		
Ser an	Community & Context	General Activities	Participation in community activities		
		Neighbourhood Experiences	Parents'/caregivers' perception of their neighbourhood safety and social support		
		Demographics	The child's birth place, ethnicity and language(s) spoken		

YOUR CHEQ SCHOOL DISTRICT DATA

This CHEQ School District Report includes the collated answers to all of the questions about children's experiences. The questions are organized into sections that correspond to the CHEQ developmental areas described above. Summary tables are provided for each question and include information related to the percentage of total responses, the average score or the number of children for whom an answer was provided by a parent/caregiver.

This report aggregates CHEQ data by school district boundaries. The data in this report are a summary of the responses parents/caregivers provided for kindergarten children attending school in your district in the current academic year. The report provides valuable information on the unique experiences of this group. Please read the 'Using Your CHEQ Report' section at the end of this report for more information.

Supression. Data are suppressed when there are fewer than 35 children, for confidentiality reasons. The data are also suppressed when the uncertainty of the results (i.e., margin of error) is greater than 10%, which can result from low coverage particularly in areas with small populations.

Please interpret these data with care as not all parents/caregivers completed the CHEQ and the data may not be representative of the whole parent/caregiver population. Taking this into consideration is important especially when making decisions based on these reports for there may be certain groups of parents/caregivers whose voices are not included in the data.

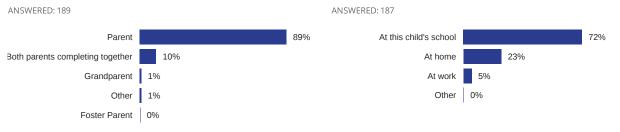


87.9% of kindergarten students in this district have a completed CHEQ

Where is the survey being completed?

GENERAL INFORMATION

Who filled out this survey?

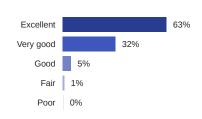


PHYSICAL HEALTH & WELL-BEING



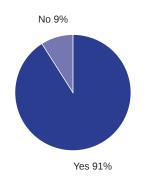
Child's overall health in the last 12 months





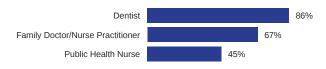
Did the child visit a health care professional in the <u>last 12</u> <u>months</u>?

ANSWERED: 188

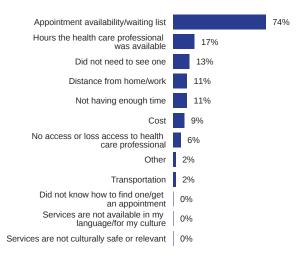


Type of health care professional visited

ANSWERED: 172

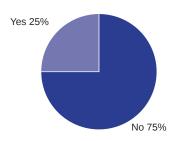


Barriers to seeing health care professionals



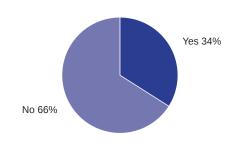
Did the child experience any stressful events in the <u>last 12</u> <u>months</u>?

ANSWERED: 183



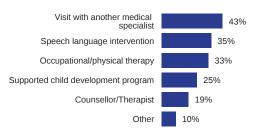
From <u>3 years to kindergarten entry</u>, did the child or family use or receive any programs or supports?

ANSWERED: 186

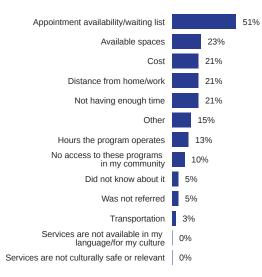


Types of programs or supports used

ANSWERED: 63



Barriers to using these types of programs or supports

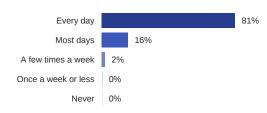


NUTRITION



In the last 6 months, frequency the child ate breakfast

ANSWERED: 188

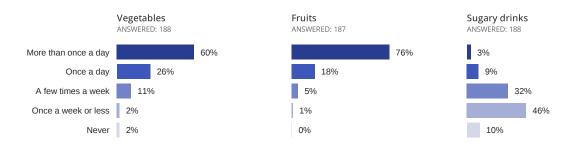


In the <u>last 6 months</u>, frequency the child ate a meal with another family member

ANSWERED: 188



In the last 6 months, frequency the child consumed the following foods or beverages:





Number of hours the child usually sleeps at night

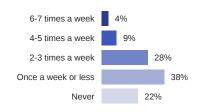


MOTOR SKILLS & EXPERIENCES



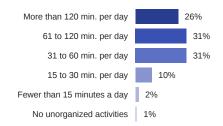
In the <u>last 6 months</u>, times per week the child took part in <u>moderate to vigorous</u> physical activity while participating in <u>organized</u> activities

ANSWERED: 188



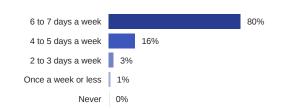
In the <u>last 6 months</u>, minutes a day the child took part in <u>moderate to vigorous</u> physical activity while participating in <u>unorganized</u> activities

ANSWERED: 186



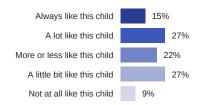
In the last 6 months, days per week the child played outdoors

ANSWERED: 188



Degree to which the child likes to take risks while playing outside

ANSWERED: 188



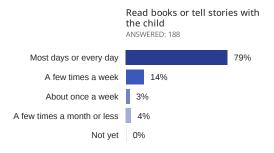
In the <u>last 6 months</u>, frequency the child has had the chance to take risks whle playing outside



LANGUAGE & COGNITION

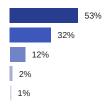


In the last 6 months, how often did the parent/caregiver or another adult in the child's household:

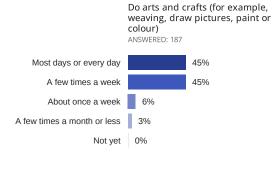


Talk with the child about pictures, signs, and words they experience in daily life

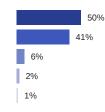
ANSWERED: 187 72% 25% 2% 1% 0% Sing songs, make music, drum, do rhymes or dance with the child ANSWERED: 188



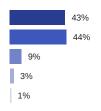
In the last 6 months, how often did the child:



Build things (for example, using blocks, playdough or LegoTM) ANSWERED: 188



Use pencils/markers to write/draw letters/numbers or pretend writing ANSWERED: 187



 Do dress up, pretend play or make believe
ANSWERED: 188

 Most days or every day

 A few times a week

 About once a week

 7%

 A few times a month or less

 5%

 Not yet

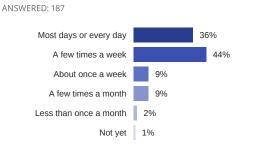
SOCIAL & EMOTIONAL EXPERIENCES



For the following question, the parent/caregiver was asked to think about the last 6 months:

How often the child played with children other than their siblings

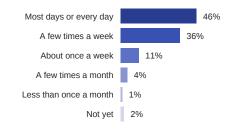
How often the child had a close friendship with another child around the same age ANSWERED: 188



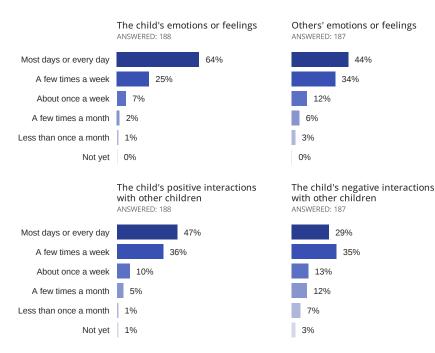
Always 35% Often 32% Sometimes 24% Rarely 8% Never 2%

How often the parent/caregiver or another adult involved the child in household chores

ANSWERED: 188



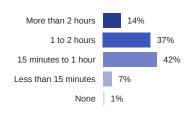
How often the parent/caregiver talked with the child about:





In the last 6 months, how much time per day (on average) the child used an electronic device

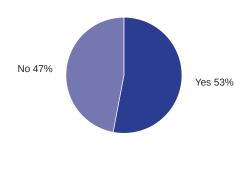
ANSWERED: 187



EARLY LEARNING & CARE

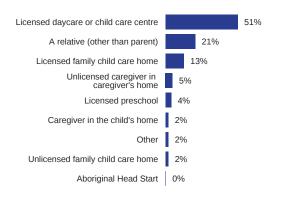
From <u>18 months to 3 years</u>, was the child in a child care arrangement other than parental care?





From <u>18 months to 3 years</u>, type of child care arrangement used the most

ANSWERED: 100



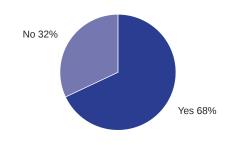
From <u>18 months to 3 years</u>, number of hours in the main child care arrangement

ANSWERED: 100

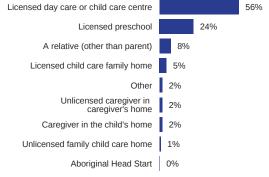


From <u>3 years to kindergarten entry</u>, was the child in a child care arrangement other than parental

ANSWERED: 188



From <u>3 years to kindergarten entry</u>, type of child care arrangement used the most



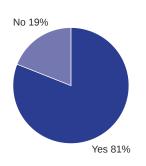
From <u>3 years to kindergarten</u>, number of hours in the main child care arrangement

ANSWERED: 127

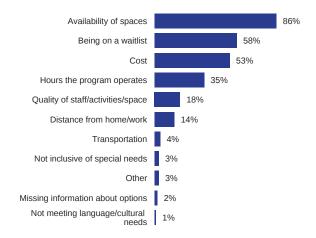


Challenges for early learning and child care arrangements

ANSWERED: 170



Type of early learning and child care challenge



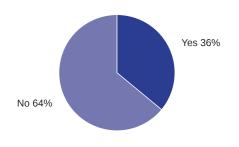
GENERAL ACTIVITIES



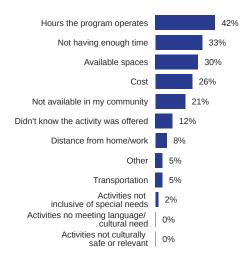
In the last 12 months, how often the child participated in/used community activities/resources

	Not available in my community %	Never %	Once a month or less %	A few times a month %	Once a week %	A few times a week or more %
Arts, music or drama programs	13	64	12	5	6	1
Cultural activities programs	8	68	19	3	1	2
StrongStart program	1	63	16	11	4	5
Public library or Story Time program	1	36	37	15	9	3
Family Resource Centre (e.g. Family Drop-In Program, Local Neighbourhood House)	7	73	11	4	3	2
Faith-based program	5	83	5	3	4	0
Park/playground	1	1	3	19	16	61
Local community/recreation centre	5	27	21	24	12	11

In the <u>last 12 months</u>, were there any local activities the parent/caregiver wanted to do with the child but couldn't? ANSWERED: 185



Barriers to participation



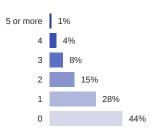
NEIGHBOURHOOD EXPERIENCES



Number of times the child has moved homes in the last 5

years

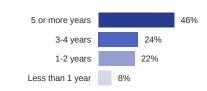




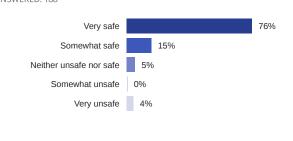
Length of time the child has lived in their current

neighbourhood

ANSWERED: 187

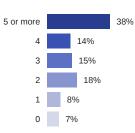


Degree to which parks in the child's neighbourhood are safe ANSWERED: 188



Number of people the parent/caregiver can count on in their neighbourhood

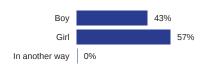
ANSWERED: 185



DEMOGRAPHICS

The child would describe themselves as

ANSWERED: 187



Was the child born in Canada?

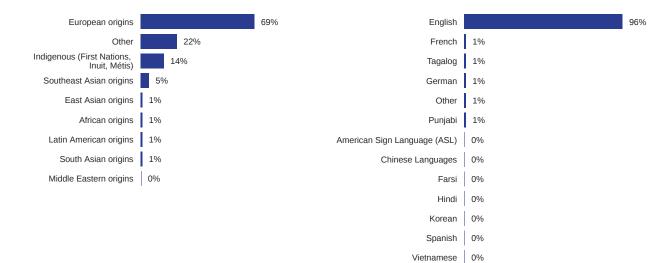


Child ethnicity

ANSWERED: 166

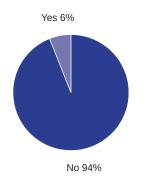
Child's first language(s)

ANSWERED: 185

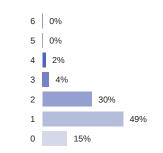


Does the child currently live in more than one home?

ANSWERED: 185

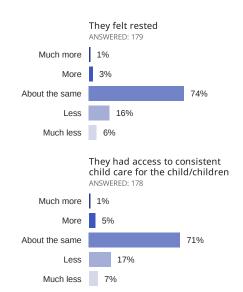


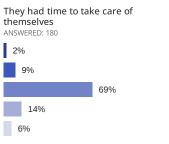
Child's number of siblings



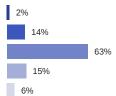
COVID-19 PANDEMIC

Compared to before the pandemic, how the following routines/activities were affected for the parent/caregiver:



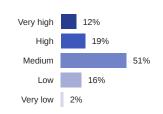


They felt connected to their friends/family ANSWERED: 180



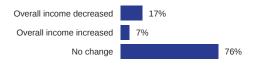
Over the last 6 months, the parent's/caregiver's level of stress

ANSWERED: 175



The effect of the pandemic on overall family income ANSWERED: 166





USING YOUR CHEQ REPORTS

CHEQ data can be used in a number of ways to support children and families in schools, districts and neighbourhoods. It is recommended that you consider CHEQ data on its own, as a summary of the early experiences and environments of current kindergarten students, alongside complementary data and information such as:

- Early Development Instrument (EDI) data
- Community knowledge and expertise
- Information on local services and programs
- Input from families with young children in your community

For more information and examples of CHEQ and other Child Development Monitoring System data in action visit: <u>earlylearning.ubc.ca/impact/data-in-action</u>

CHEQ data are a catalyst for important conversations and improved decision making. We encourage you to:

- Look through the table of contents of your online CHEQ report and choose sections that are interesting or valuable to you.
- Note any questions that stand out for you in these sections.
- Note any results that you expected or didn't expect to see.
- Dig deeper. Look to the questions that you felt were interesting and the results that you expected and didn't expect and ask yourself some key questions:
 - Which data do you have influence over?
 - What can you do about this?
 - Which data align with your school's priorities and goals?
 - Which data align with your school, organization or coalition priorities and goals?
 - Are there resources from the school district, school, organization, municipality, or through other sources that could provide support for your ideas?
 - Are there areas where you can build on strengths in your school, organization or community?
 - Are there areas of concern?

Remember you don't have to do this alone:

Once you are familiar with your CHEQ data, start to bring others in to the conversation. The goal is to identify where the CHEQ provides the most valuable information for you.

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